

### Problem Set 5 – due 10/23/02

- 1) Calculate the dynamic flattening  $H = (C-A)/C$  for the following simple planetary models:
- A uniform density planet,  $\rho = 5.5$ , with an outer surface defined by  $r = A (1 - f \cos^2 \theta)$ , with  $\theta$  colatitude
  - A planet with a uniform density core,  $\rho_c = 10$ , covered by a uniform density mantle,  $\rho_m = 4.9$ . The core-mantle boundary is given by  $r_c = c (1 - f \cos^2 \theta)$  and the surface is  $r_a = a (1 - f \cos^2 \theta)$ , with  $c = a/2$ .
  - As in b), but now  $r_c = c (1 - f/2 \cos^2 \theta)$ . Comment on these results in view of the fact that for Earth,  $f = 3.36 \cdot 10^{-3}$ , while  $H = 3.27 \cdot 10^{-3}$ .
- 2) Calculate the change in length of day and amplitude of the Chandler wobble caused by the redistribution of mass due to the melting of a winter's worth of snow of N. America.

[For evaluating the spherical harmonics involved, approximate the snow load as a point mass at  $45^\circ\text{N}$ ,  $90^\circ\text{W}$ , elevation 500 m. Assume that the meltwater is evenly distributed over the surface of the earth. Estimate needed parameters.]